Ninth Regional Wetland and Water Resources Meeting

Cumulative Risk Index Analysis (CRIA)

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Cumulative Risk Thinking

Lessons Learned on Planning and Scoping for Environmental Risk Assessments

- » U.S. EPA, Science Policy Council Draft Document, November 15, 2001
- Consideration of Cumulative Impacts In EPA Review of NEPA Documents
 - » U.S. EPA, EPA 315-R-99-002, May 1999
- Framework for Cumulative Risk Assessment (CAFO Example) draft http://epa.gov/ncea/raf/frmwrkcra.htm
- CRIA = Watershed Unit Sub area
- (Total Affected Area ÷ Watershed area) × (scale of 1-5)
- Degree of Vulnerability (scale of 1-5)

Degree of Impact (scale of 1-4)

×

CRIA System Criteria Library (approximately 90 ever evolving indicators in Region 6 GIS)

Planning and Scoping Process

- Defining the stressors (chemical, physical, biological)
- Sources of environmental stress
- Affected populations (workers, residents, wildlife, economic stakeholders)
- Pathways (human health, ecological)
- Temporal considerations (short and long term impacts)

The Conceptual Model

Always a good first step.

Example: Confined Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO)

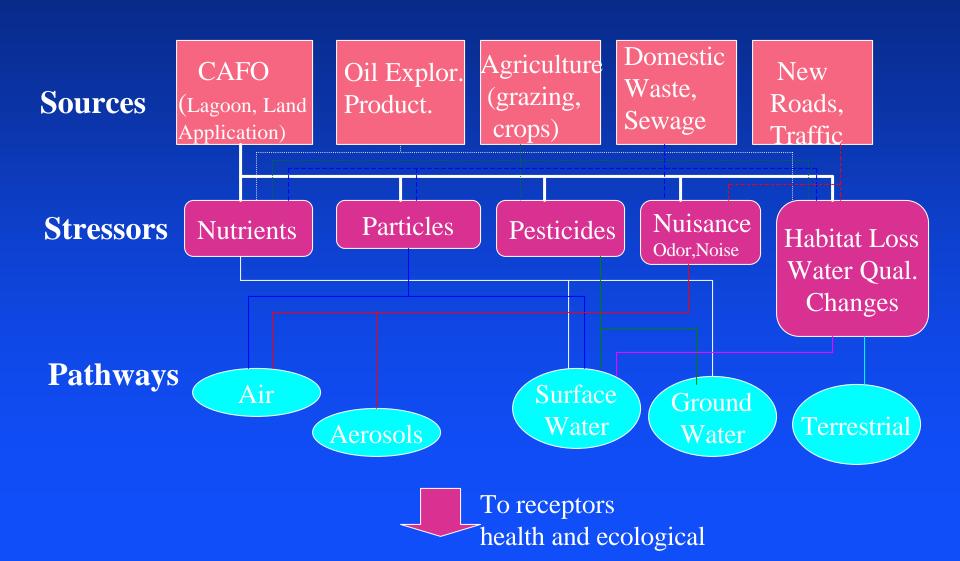
Purpose: Determine impacts related to CAFOs construction and operation.

Scope: Watershed – or individual CAFO sites
 (distances from lagoons, land application areas, barns, roads).

Technical Approach:

GIS / CRIA system approach using landscape, hydrologic, air, ecological, socioeconomic and other appropriate analyses.

Watershed Preliminary Conceptual Model



REGION 6 RISK CHARACTERIZATRION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

- Region 6 Risk Activities (p.11)
- Category I: <u>Screening</u>, modeling, CRIA, EJI, HRI, multi-media enforcement targeting.
- Category II: <u>Intermediate</u> level, some monitoring, sampling, supported by Regional guidance, permit related
- Category III: Superfund / RCRA baseline, Agency regulations / national guidance, extensive sampling

Using a Screening Approach to Assess Cumulative Risk

- Watersheds defined spatial components (additive indicator judgments and areas)
- Points or polygons defining the industry
- Vulnerability criteria: indicators with ranked (1 5 scaled) judgments as to environmental concern
- Impact criteria: 1 5 scaled indicators judging stressors presented by CAFO operations

Watershed Vulnerability Assessment Endpoints

- Geology rating
- Rainfall
- Surface water use
- Near residents
- Other industries
- Protected lands
- Water quality
- Road Density
- Wildlife Habitat quality
- Habitat quantity
- Habitat Fragmentation
- Aquifer Rating
- Septic tanks
- Animal units

- Soil permeability
- Nitrates
- Economic status
- Water quantity
- Distance to water
- Other CAFOs
- Stream Flow
- Air Quality
- Ground Water Depth (probability, some measurements)
- TRI Releases to water
- Drinking water wells
- Oil and gas wells

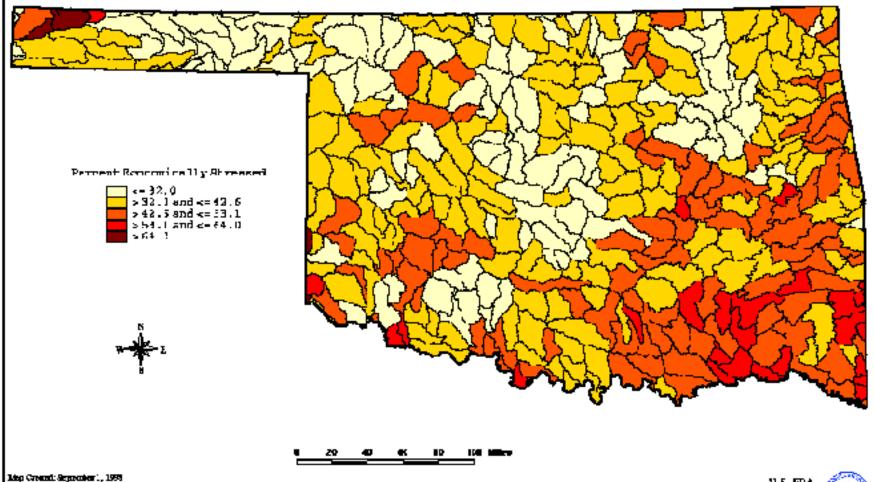
Watershed Vulnerability Assessment Endpoints

- Habitat Fragmentation (area to perimeter ratio) and quality
- Roads (particulates, accidents, spillage, fragmentation, urbanizaiton))
- Other land use related pollution sources (landfills, crop land, pasture, oil fields, urban runoff, animal waste)
- Flood plains
- Air quality (Particulates, NO_x, SO_x, CO, VOCs, Ozone)

GIS Cumulative Risk Screening System

- Allows us to do more ... (60 90 indicators can be evaluated for several sites in 2 hours)
- Modular Approach: All criteria are mathematically related, can be combined to meet cumulative program assessment needs
- Strengthens the environmental assessment process (peer reviewed, consistent methods, use of EPA and other agency data)

Confined Animal Feeding Operations Oklahoma Percent Economically Stressed

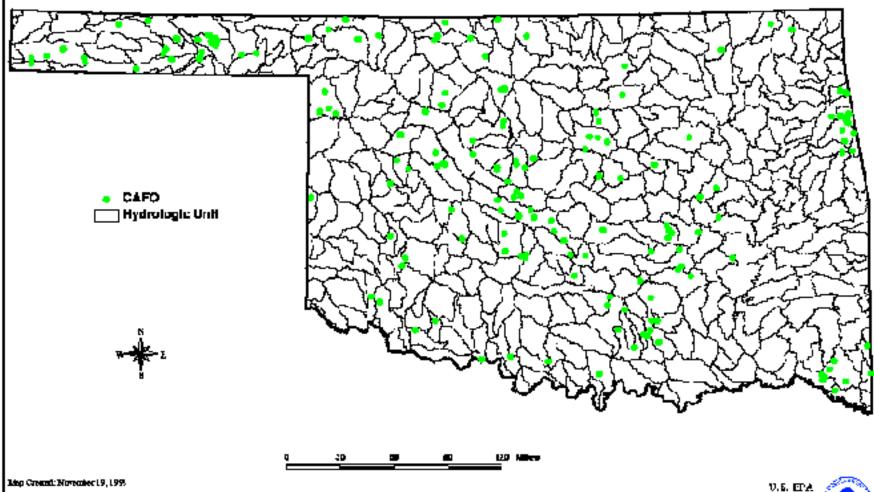


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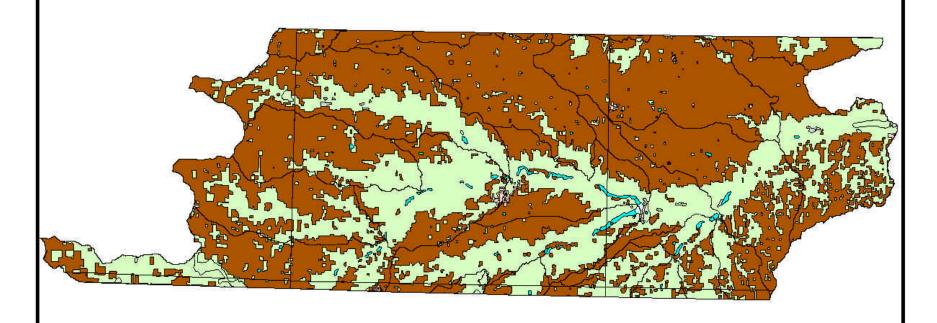
Confined Animal Feeding Operations Oklahoma



Scores: CAPU locations are from U.S. EFA Record. Dellas. Extraing a Unit boundaries are function USSS, Malanes City.



Land Use/Land Cover Texas County, OK Watersheds



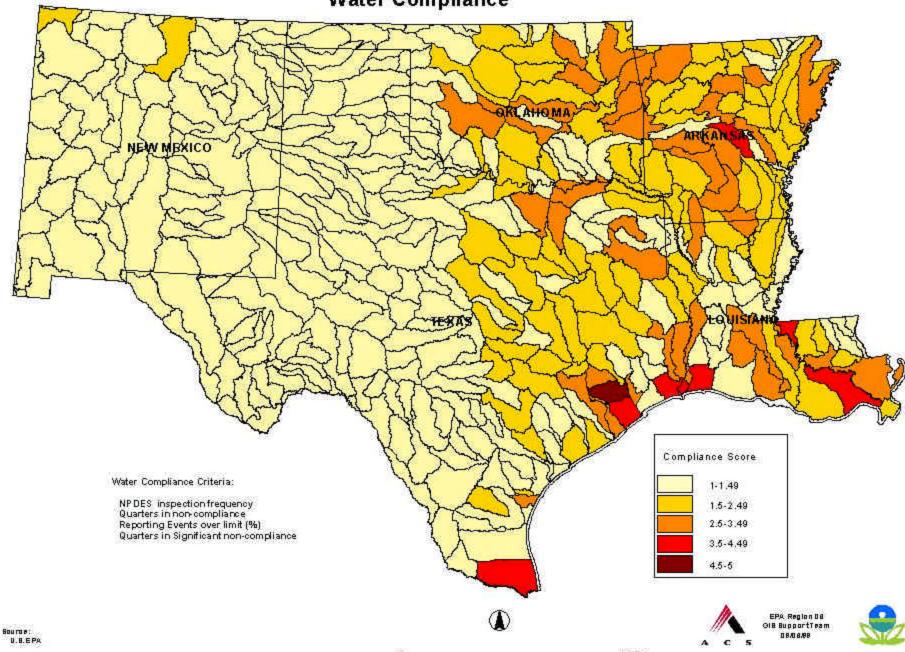
Land Use/Land Cover





Source: U.S. Geological Survey GIRAS Land Use Data

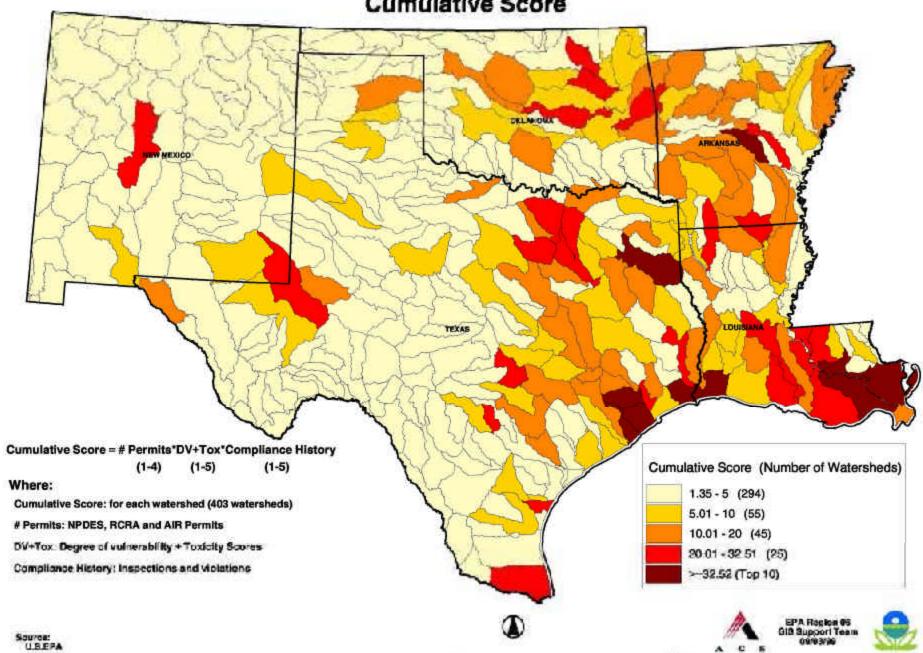
2000 Multimedia Enforcement Targeting Water Compliance



Water Compliance History

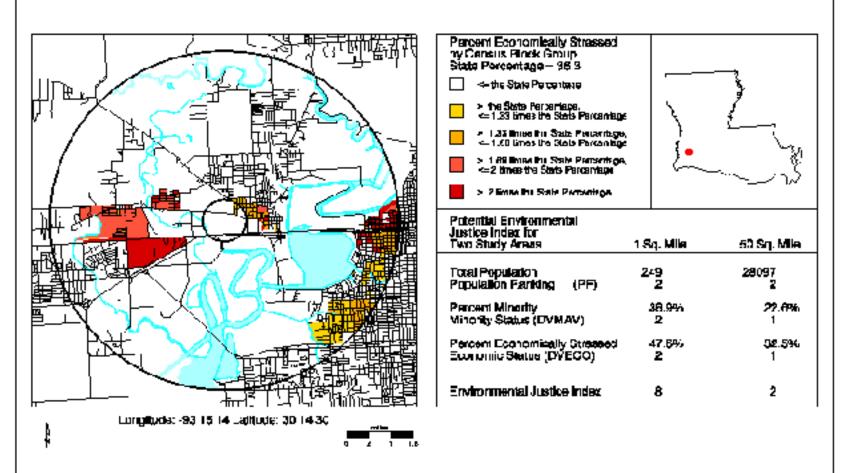
- Days from last inspection (<6 mos.=1, >2 yrs. or no data=5)
- Non-Compliant Qtrs (0 or ND=1, 7 to 8 Qtrs=5)
- Significant Non-Compliance Qtrs (0 or ND=1, 7 to 8 Qtrs=5)
- Percent Reporting Events (<6 mos.=1, >2 yrs. or no record=5)
- Watershed Score (sum of criteria rank scores)

2000 Multimedia Enforcement Targeting Cumulative Score



RANK	HUCNAME	FAC_R	DVTOX	CIV_S	FINAL
Hou/TX 1	BUFFALO-SAN JACINTO	4	4.06	5.00	81.20
Hou/TX 2	WEST GALVESTON BAY	4	3.58	4.07	58.28
SE/LA 3	EAST CENTRAL LOUISIANA COASTAL	4	3.63	4.00	58.08
SE/TX 4	SABINE LAKE	4	3.54	3.60	50.98
SE/LA 5	EASTERN LOUISIANA COASTAL	3	3.59	3.40	36.62
E/TX 6	MIDDLE SABINE	3	3.26	3.55	34.72
SW/LA 7	LOWER CALCASIEU	3	3.46	3.27	33.94
Hou/TX 8	AUSTIN-OYSTER	3	3.78	2.93	33.23
LR/AR 9	LOWER ARKANSAS-MAUMELLE	3	3.17	3.48	33.09
SE/LA 10	LAKE MAUREPAS	3	3.83	2.83	32.52
E/TX 11	LOWER WEST FORK TRINITY	3	3.09	3.38	31.33
BR/LA 12	AMITE	3	3.44	2.98	30.75
NE/TX 13	ELM FORK TRINITY	3	3.09	3.27	30.31
BR/LA 14	BAYOU SARA-THOMPSON	3	3.96	2.53	30.06
NC/TX 15	UPPER TRINITY	3	3.13	3.13	29.39
LA 16	VERMILION	3	2.88	3.33	28.77
SE/TX 17	LOWER NECHES	3	3.45	2.77	28.67
S/TX 18	SOUTH CORPUS CHRISTI BAY	3	3.21	2.87	27.64
S/TX 19	SOUTH LAGUNA MADRE	3	3.19	2.87	27.47

CONOCO Lake Charles Refinery, Lake Charles - Calcasieu Parish, LA Feonomic Status - Degree of Vulnerability (DVECO)



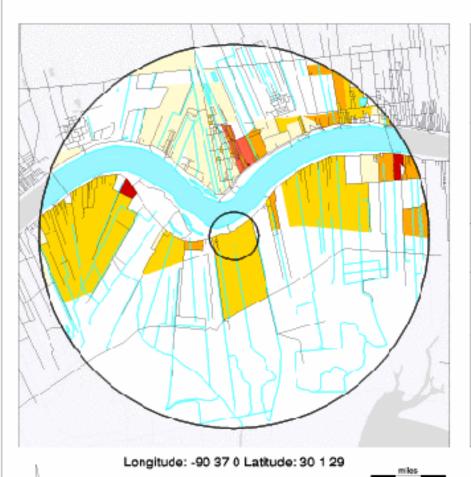
Data Sources and References: US Bureau of the Canaus, 1900 PL94-121 and STESA Data, and TIGER Filed US EPA Region 8, 1982. Computer Applications, Invitormental Region 8, 1982. Computer Applications, Environmental Equity, Planning and Analysis Section, Management Division, Region SEPA, Datas, Texas

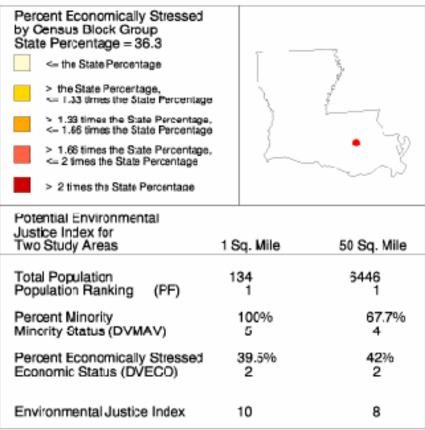


Example 1: Wallace, Louisiana – NEPA EIS Site Rural Area Along Mississippi River

- Proposed site for building a new Factory.
- Low population, mostly farm land.
- High percent minority.
- Slightly lower annual income than state average.
- Culture change considerations (farm to industry).
- Very large wetland areas restricting population growth and movement.
- Recreational and subsistence value to preservation of ecology.
- Increased shipping and truck traffic possible.

EIS Site, Wallac, Wallace, LA Economic Status - Degree of Vulnerability (DVECO)



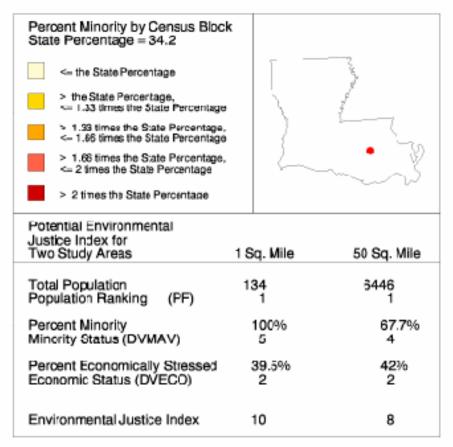


Data Sources and References: US Bureau of the Census, 1990 PL94-171 and STE3A Data, and TIGER Files. US EPA Region 6, 1992. Computer Assisted Environmental Assessment Methodologies, Chapter V. Special Applications, Environmental Equity. Planning and Analysis Section, Management Division, Region 6 EPA, Dallas, Texas



EIS Site, Wallac, Wallace, LA Minority Status - Degree of Vulnerability (DVMAV)





Longitude: -90 37 0 Latitude: 30 1 29



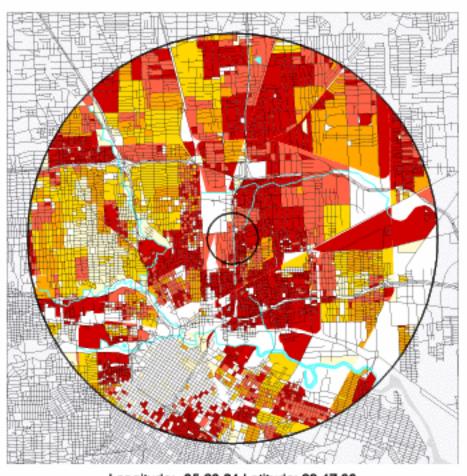
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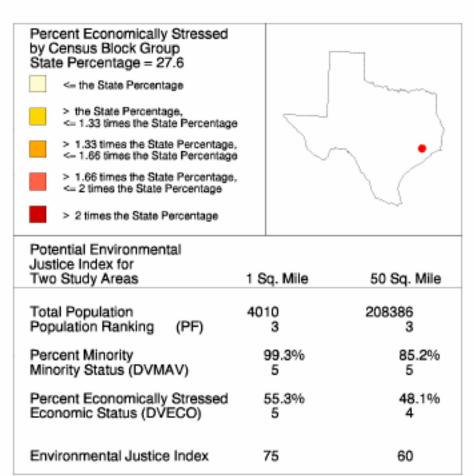


Example 7: Houston Scrap High Environmental Justice Concern Area

- Densely populated urban area (1 and 4 mile areas ranked a 3 on a 0-4 scale).
- High minority areas (99.3% in 1 mile radius and 85.2% in 4 mile radius)
- High number of economically stressed residents (55.3% and 48.1% for 1 and 4 mile areas respectively).
- High index rankings for both the 1 and 4 mile radii (75 and 60 scores).

Houston Scra, Harris, TX Economic Status - Degree of Vulnerability (DVECO)





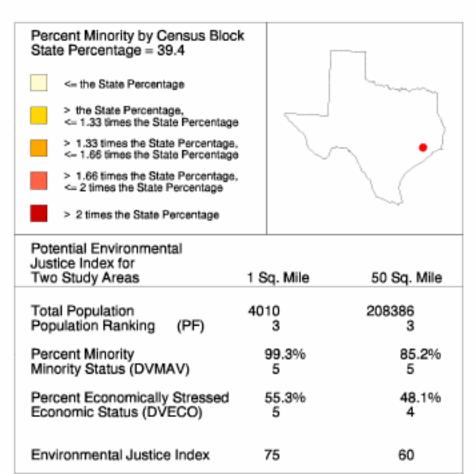
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Houston Scra, Harris, TX Minority Status - Degree of Vulnerability (DVMAV)



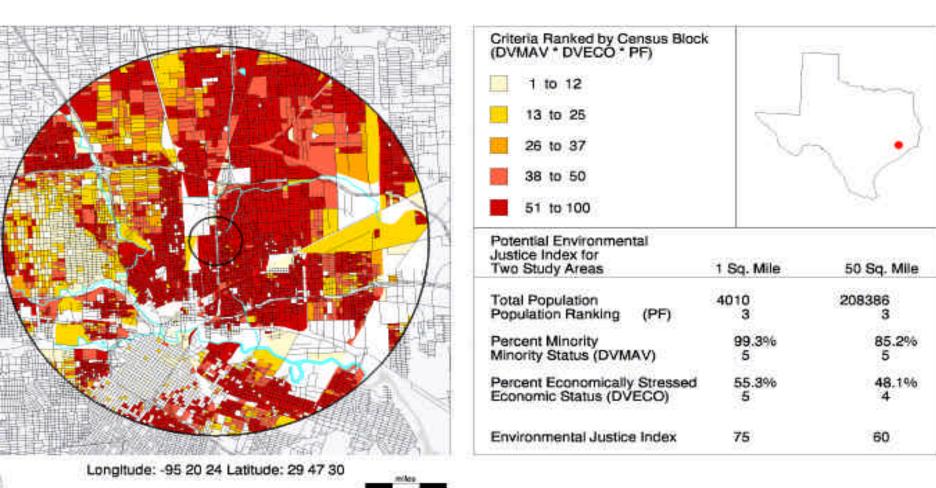








Houston Scra, Harris, TX Potential Environmental Justice Index (EJ)

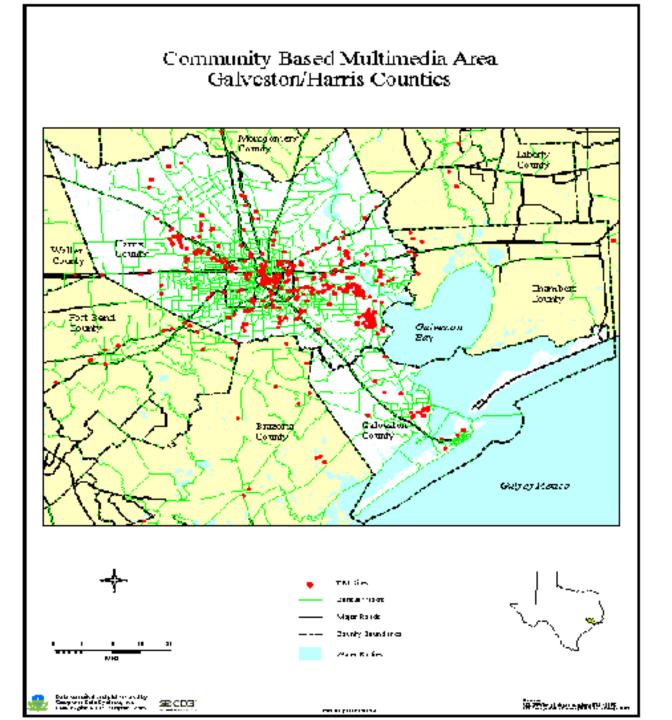


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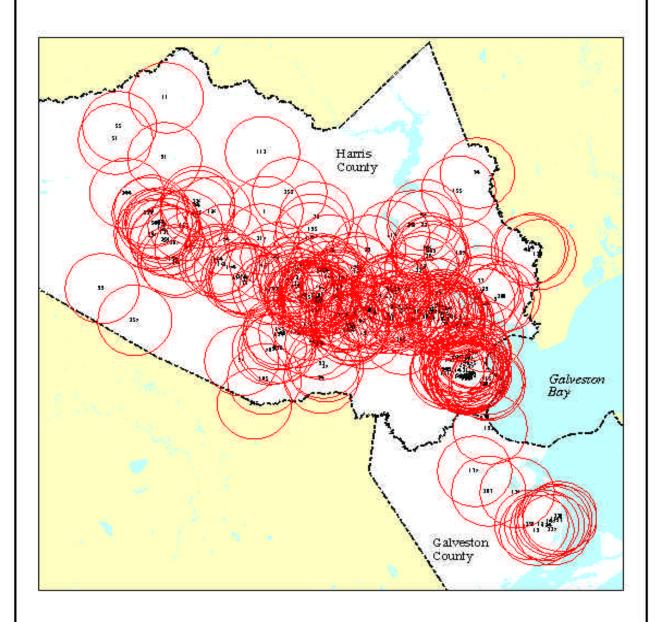


Example 8: Houston – Galveston, Texas Screening Level Human Health Index Study

- Over 400 Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) sites in the area.
- <u>Each</u> TRI chemical release was toxicologically assessed as to potential for heath risk (<u>pounds</u> released to air X toxicity score X bioaccumulation score)
- Possible chemical release impacts for multiple facilities were assessed (4 mile radii around each TRI site).
- Health risk index and EJ Index scores were calculated.

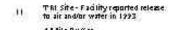


COMMUNITY BASED ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION











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Welcome to the 21st Century

Don't Breathe The Air

Don't Drink the Water

Don't Eat Fish, Sugar, Salts or Fats

Don't Have Sex Ever Again